[NUMB. 893.]

THE South-Carolina Gazette.

From MONDAY *June* 17th, to MONDAY *June* 24th, 1751.

EXTRACT *from the* REFLECTOR.

How Posts may be well filled, and the Publick well served.

THERE are many failings, or disqualifications in men, not owing to any defect of understanding, or of parts; but to the want of directing them suitably to what they are. It would be hard to shew that all capacities are equipollent; but I presume few men would be found unserviceable, if placed in their natural stations.

It might prove a most useful institution, if societies were erected, whose office it should be to examine the genius of young people; in order to discover where their strength consists, and to what kind of studies, employments, or posts, they are naturally best suited. For, by this means most subjects might become beneficial to the public; and all the posts of government be well supplied; whereas, we now hear daily complaints of the want of proper persons to direct affairs, in most of the *European* countries; whilst the youth of each country are condemned to studies, and matriculated into certain arts, or employments, before they arrive at years of discretion.

Some parents, soon after the birth of a boy, will give him the title of the post, or occupation, for which they intend him. But herein they seldom judge right; and it is owing to something extraordinary, if such blind schemes should succeed. The father sometimes designs his son for a judge, because the grandfather was one; which may be as absurd, as to destine a weakly child for a racer; or a purblind boy for a painter. Tho' nothing is more ridiculous, yet nothing is more common than this procedure. And if we examine into families, we shall find most parents usurp this privilege; but especially the mother. We frequently hear the husband say, "I would have my son a lawyer; but his mother has "resolved to make him a parson."

Certain persons destine their children to an office, or profession, on account of size, or stature. When we hear of such designs, we are apt to smile; and what can be more absurd than to lay out a lad for a colonel, because he is tall and lusty; or design him for an alderman, because he has a large belly? Whilst such absurdities prevail, and children are destined to the office, or profession, of their parents, before an opportunity can be had of seeing whether they have a genius for it; we need not wonder that states should be at a loss for well qualified men, to fill up the necessary posts of government; or that so many weak people should be found in great offices.

I know this misfortune is generally ascribed to the natural decay of a country, or its growing so barren, as not to produce able men; but the soil, the climate, and the air, cannot justly be blamed. The barrenness arises merely from folly, neglect of education, and the want of a proper choice and direction. Governors and parents should follow the example of husbandmen, who try the nature of their land, before they sow it; for the best seed may be thrown away, upon improper ground; and when the crop fails, it is not so much the fault of the seed, or the soil, as of the sower. Great care should be taken of children, who are the plants of a community; and if this were really done, every country would be supplied with persons properly qualified for all the employments and stations of life.

The want of able men arises partly from the wrong management of parents; and partly from a neglect in the administration. The fault of parents consists in endeavouring to force a child's nature; which is the way to turn an useful into an useless object; or make a person, who might have been an honour, become a disgrace, to his country. A judge who is laughed at upon the bench, might have made a good general; if his natural genius had not been dragged to the bar. What is once stamped for a shilling, will not pass current for a guinea. We may give what external stamps we please; they do not alter the internal nature of things. If children resembled their parents in mental endowments, as they sometimes do in external appearance, this practice might prove harmless to society; but since experience shews, that children's minds are often as unlike those of their parents, as their bodies are like; it is improper and even foolish in parents, to make their children pursue the same studies, or employments which they follow, or approve, for themselves. And, on this account, the *Chinese* are deservedly censured, for obliging every son to follow the profession of his father.

Children are not to be treated like young brutes. A hound may, immediately after it is whelped, be justly enrolled in the kennel; and a gun-dog be bred up with the spaniels; because experience shews, that these puppies possess the qualities of the breed they come from. But how often do we see, among men, that a fool shall descend from a wise man; a coward from a hero, and *vice versâ*? *Aridæus* and *Alexander* were brothers; but very unlike in their talents. It may seem needless to produce examples of this kind from history; since common observation supplies us with plenty.

King *Antigonus* desired to take the famous philosopher *Bion Borysthenites* into the royal retinue; but asked him previously, whether he came of a good family: *Bion* replied, "My father was "branded in the forehead; he married my mother out of a "brothel: and was afterwards expelled the city as a malefactor. "But thou, O king, mayest rather examine what I am, than what "my parents were. If your majesty wants a marksman, you do "not ask him whether his father was a marksman; but try whether the son can shoot."

As it is common for children to degenerate from their parents; I judge, that the parental power should here be restrained, because every man has not a capacity to judge what occupation is fittest for his son; and because fathers have seldom the design of placing their sons in their most natural situation; but rather endeavour to make them obedient, and serviceable to the family, than to supply the state with useful subjects: Parents therefore should maintain and support their children; but the government appoint their instruction, and training.

But, in our schools, the different scholars have one and the same task proposed to them; and are all instructed after one and the same manner; which occasions the greatest disproportion and dissimilarity in the learners; some whereof shall hence be extolled as prodigies of parts; and others be looked upon as abortives, incapable of coming to good; tho' they might all be good, provided each acted in his suitable sphere.

I remember two boys at school, upon whom no instruction or correction, took effect; so that they were both dismissed with disgrace. They went to the capital, applied themselves to mathematics, and became great mathematicians. Nature, it seems, had furnished them with sound understandings, but weak memories; and therefore, whilst their employment at school consisted in construing their lessons, or getting scraps of *Latin* and *Greek* by heart, their memories failed them, but when they came to mathematics, a study that requires the exercise of reason more than the memory, these stupid boys were presently changed into able men. A gentleman desiring a philosopher to direct him what kind of study to pursue; the philosopher advised him "to follow nature;" thereby admonishing him to examine his own natural talents, and apply to such sciences as he found himself best fitted for. But this capital Rule is generally neglected, even by sensible people; who thereby cross and confound the designs of nature; and bury, or suppress, the talents which she has given us for our strength and ornament; whilst brutes, by instinct, exercise those parts of their bodies, wherein their force and defence consist.

If thy son be more diligent than ingenious, bring him up to an art or trade, rather than to philosophy or divinity; because it is better, and more reputable, to be a good painter, or architect, than an ordinary philosopher, or divine; better to be an able farmer, than a heavy senator. Perhaps as your son is of a good family, you may think it too mean to make him a tradesman; but then consider which is more honourable, a serviceable mechanic, or an incapable scholar. Laudable ambition consists in filling a post, or sustaining a character, with reputation.

The mischief is heightened by governors; who confer offices more out of affection and party, than reason and justice. This is fatal; for tho' a country should abound with persons of great natural abilities, such a preposterous management would not suffer one to appear; but render them all incapable. If an able artist be made a weak senator; or if a good senator be unsuitably made a judge; such a metamorphosis turns two useful men into noxious animals. The best set of comedians may act odiously, if they change parts; and yet the actors not be blamable, but their directors. Indeed the managers of theatres are careful in the distribution of parts; so as to make each player shine in his character. But tho' this be well observed on the stage, it is strangely neglected in the world. *An Histrio hoc videbit in Scenâ, quod Sapiens non videbit in Vitâ?*

Anglicus.

Just imported in the *Live Oak*, Capt. *Rogers*, and to be sold by *Solomon Mi[ll]*, at his store, in Elliott's Alley, a parcel of likely grass proper for the plains, to be sold in Charlestown, by *John McCall*. N.B. He has bread and flour to sell, and good old rum by the barrel or gallon, cheap for ready money.

Taken up by *Francis Laman*, a brown bay horse, branded on the near buttock with a heart on the top of the shoulder, and on the near shoulder with an L, he paces and is about 13 hands high. Any person claiming the said horse, may apply to the said *Francis Laman*, paying his proper charges, and taking him away.

Anteſthenes remarked the like diſorder and confuſion in his time, at *Athens*; and therefore petitioned the government, to publiſh an order for "turning all horſes into aſſes." Every one was ſurprized at ſuch a petition; but he alledged, that "ſuch changes happened "every day amongſt men;" thus giving them to underſtand, that places were diſpoſed of without regard to men's qualifications; ſo that one man was made a judge without a head, and another a general without a heart.

We cannot call a trump in life, as we do at cards. Set a man in *any* ſtation, or ſtyle him as you pleaſe, he remains the ſame man. It is beſt to employ every man in the way of his abilities; without regard to his ſtate or condition, his birth or religion. If we want a phyſician, we do not enquire for one that is learned; but for one that is ſkilful. Indeed there are ſome univerſal geniuſes, who have a turn for all the ſciences; but their number is ſmall; and the moſt of them uſually ſuperficial; or rarely ſo knowing in a ſubject, as thoſe who wholly apply to it.

I therefore repeat, that "nothing can be of greater utility to a "country, than the proper inſtitution of a college, or office, con- "ſiſting of capable men, appointed to examine the natural talents, "and capacities, of young people; and make a report what ſtu- "dies, occupations, and buſineſs, they find each perſon naturally "beſt ſuited for." But theſe judges muſt be prudently choſe, as men of experience, ſagacity, and weight; becauſe their office is momentous, and requires talents rarely to be found in mere ſcholars, or fellows of colleges.

The ſcheme may be difficult to bring into execution; yet I judge is not impracticable. The probation in ſuch a ſeminary, might be continued in a variety of trials; till it plainly appeared wherein the reſpective ſtrength of each pupil conſiſted. As matters are managed at preſent, youth ſpend the beſt part of their time in the learning of ſuch things as they ought to forget; ſo that after their academical ſtudies are finiſhed, they uſually apply themſelves to ſuch ſubjects as ſuit their genius, or inclination. What a miſerable loſs of time is this? the prime of our lives for the learning of what ſhould be uſeful to ourſelves and others a ſeaſon never to be recalled, is thus irretrievably loſt?

That a foundation to prevent this ſhocking loſs both of public and private happineſs, is practicable, appears from the old *Perſian* laws; which provided, that no parents ſhould, at their own pleaſure, inſtruct their children; but be obliged to ſend them to public ſeminaries, inſtituted for the purpoſe; from whence they did not return to their parents, till the age of ſeventeen. Indeed the care of thoſe ſeminaries was not committed to men who taught for hire; but intruſted to the direction and management of perſons diſtinguiſhed by their virtue, and birth; who inſtructed their pupils more in manners than ſciences; more in morality and the duties of life, than in logic or Rhetoric.

Paris A-la-main, Feb. 1. A country ſurgeon has lately diſcovered a kind of Agaric, or Fungus, which has been found to ſtop the bleeding in amputations, without tying up the arteries, and has been applied in ſeveral different operations with great ſucceſs; by which means the patient is eaſed of a great deal of pain. It is thought that the court will purchaſe this remedy, in order to render it univerſally beneficial to perſons of all ranks. M. Gabriel, chief architect to the king, has had the honour to preſent to his majeſty the plan of a building for the royal military ſchool, which met with great approbation from the king and the whole court; it is to be ſituated upon the banks of the Seine, a little below the Hotel des Invalids, but will be much larger; it will be above 150 toiſes in front, and above 100 acres of ground allotted for the building, and avenues to it, which are to be planted with trees.

The Sieur Guittard, of the royal academy of ſciences, has found out a compoſition like that of which the Porcelain of China is made, and laid the pattern before the academy.

From the GENTLEMAN's MAGAZINE, *for* MARCH 1751.

London, March 23. The Lord Marſhal's order for a general mourning, for his late royal highneſs FREDERICK prince of *Wales*.

'In purſuance of an order of council, dated March 22, 1750, 'theſe are to give public notice, that it is expected, that all perſons 'upon the preſent occaſion of the death of his late royal highneſs '*Frederick* prince of *Wales*, do put themſelves into the deepeſt 'mourning, (long cloaks only excepted) the ſaid mourning to be- 'gin on Sunday the 31ſt of this inſtant March.' *Effingham*, M.

London, March 24. By order of the Lord Chamberlain. Notice was fix'd in the halls of St. James's and Leiceſter-houſe, that the time fixed for deep mourning, will end on Sunday June 30; that on Sunday July 7, will commence the ſecond mourning, and end on Sunday October 6.

London, March 10. Died in the 125th year of his age, Patrick Sampſon, of Donore in the county of Weſtmeath Ireland. He never was known to be a week ſick all the time, and retained his memory and underſtanding to the laſt. He was gardiner to the family of Donore for eight generations.

A more particular Account of the Death of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of WALES, *than was before inſerted in this Paper.*

London, March 20. Between 10 and 11 at night, died at Leiceſter houſe, the moſt illuſtrious FREDERICK, prince of *Wales*, by the breaking of an impoſthume between the pericardium and diaphragm, which threw the matter contained in it, upon the ſubſtance of the lungs. His royal highneſs is ſaid to have caught a cold about 3 weeks before in Kew gardens, and to have encreaſed it on the 12th inſtant, by coming very warm from the houſe of lords, with the windows of his chair down, ſoon after which he complained of pains which were thought to be pleuretic, and were attended with a fever. His royal highneſs had been in a declining ſtate for ſome time, * and was judged too weak to bear repeated bleedings; he was therefore bliſtered, and thought to be out of danger. ——— About a quarter of an hour before his death, he told Dr. Wilmot, who had attended him, and been up all the preceding night, that he was much better, and adviſed the Dr. to go home; the princeſs remained with him, to whom he ſoon after complained of a ſudden pain, and an offenſive ſmell, and immediately threw himſelf backward and expired. ——— Her royal highneſs had ſat up with him ſeven nights during his illneſs, though it is ſaid ſhe is far advanced in her pregnancy.———This excellent prince who is almoſt univerſally regretted with uncommon tenderneſs, was born at Hanover, Jan. 20, 1706-7, created duke of Glouceſter, Jan. 10, 1717-18, inſtalled knight of the garter by proxy, April 30, 1718, created baron of Snaudon, viſcount Launceſton, earl of Eltham, marquis of Ely, and duke of Edinburgh, July 15, 1726, firſt landed at Harwich, Dec. 3, 1728, was introduced by the command of the king into the privy council the 18th, was created prince of Wales and earl of Cheſter, Jan. 9, 1728 9, received his ſummons to parliament next day, and on April 27, 1736, was married to his moſt excellent princeſs Auguſta, only ſurviving daughter of Frederick II. duke of Saxe Gotha, by whom he has left iſſue 5 ſons and 3 daughters.

* *It is reported by ſome, that about two years ago his royal highneſs received an hurt in his breaſt by a fall; others ſay by the ſtroke of a ball at cricket.*

London, March 29. Died, aged 83, Mr. Tho. called captain Coram. By his ſole application he obtained the charter for the foundling hoſpital, and the bounty on naval ſtores imported from Britiſh plantations; he was alſo eminently concerned in the colonies of Georgia and Nova Scotia; and had made conſiderable progreſs in a ſcheme (which it is to be hoped will be compleated) for uniting the Indians in North America more cloſely to the Britiſh intereſt, by an eſtabliſhment for the education of Indian girls, and his thoughts for 40 years paſt had been aſſiduouſly employed in ſchemes for public utility.

London, March 26. His majeſty has given orders that the funeral of the prince of Wales ſhall be at his expence. His body was embalmed on Saturday, and his bowels are put into an Urn.

We hear, that after the funeral obſequies of his late royal highneſs the prince of Wales, a regency will be appointed for the government of the kingdom, in caſe it ſhould unfortunately happen that prince George ſhould aſcend the throne during his minority.

March 30. We are aſſured, that his royal highneſs prince George will be created prince of Wales the 24th of May next, being his birth day.

The prodigious croud of coaches and chariots yeſterday for ſeveral hours together, between Temple-Bar and Ludgate, occaſioned by people of faſhion coming into the city to buy mourning, was more remarkable than any thing of the kind ever remember'd.

On Thurſday a great council was held at St. James's, when the funeral ceremony of his royal highneſs the prince of Wales was ſettled.

It is currently reported, that her royal highneſs the princeſs of Wales will have the immediate care and guardianſhip of all her royal iſſue. That her royal highneſs will have an allowance of 30,000 *l.* a year over and above her jointure or dowry, for that ſpecial purpoſe, out of the civil liſt, and that there will likewiſe be iſſued out of the ſame fund 20,000 *l.* a year for certain other particular uſes.

On Thurſday a fine cedar coffin, cover'd with black velvet, and lin'd with a crimſon ſattin, on which is the arms of the prince of Wales, with the words ICH DIEN, curiouſly engraved on copper, and gilt with gold, the crown and ſcepter underneath, wrought in plate gilt, was brought to Leiceſter Houſe, in order to put his royal highneſs's body into it, now incloſed in lead.

CHARLES-TOWN, *June* 24.

On Thurſday laſt Mr. THOMAS BURRINGTON, Attorney at Law, was married to Miſs KATY REID, a young Lady of great Beauty and Merit, with a handſome Fortune.

The ſame Night died, much lamented, the Honourable JOSEPH WRAGG, Eſq; an eminent Merchant of this Town, who formerly dealt pretty largely in the Slave Trade, and had been many Years a Member of his Majeſty's Council: His Character 'tis preſumed is ſo well known, that we need ſay nothing of it here.

Yeſterday arrived in the *Live-Oak* from *London*, Capt. *John Ruſſel*, ſome time ſince appointed Commander of his Majeſty's Sloop *Scorpion*, in the Room of Capt. *Bate* now in the *Mermaid*. ——By the *Live Oak*, we have an Account of the King of SWEDEN's Death.

In the ESSAY on *Lightning* and *Thunder* inſerted in our laſt, there happened a very great Error in the 18th Line of the 1ſt Column Page 2d, which Line the Reader is deſired to alter thus, *ſplits the largeſt and talleſt Trees from the Top to the Earth*, inſtead of, *from the Earth to the Top*.

STOLEN or gone adrift from Mr. *Lamboll's* Ferry, *a ſtrong bay Gelding, near* 14 *Hands high, having a ſtar in his forehead, and branded* JC *on the near buttock*; and from Mr. *Gadſden's* Plantation, *up near* Saltcatcher-River, *a ſtrong bay Gelding, about* 13 *Hands high, having a ſtar in his forehead, and branded* IC *on the near buttock*; and from Mr. *Hamilton's* Plantation, *near* Goose-Creek, *a ſtrong bay Gelding, about* 13 *Hands high, having a ſtar in the middle on the forehead, branded on the near buttock with a* 3 *and ſomething reſembling* RC *on the near ſhoulder*; and from the Subſcriber, *living in Charles-Town, on Wednesday the 19th inſtant, a ſtrong bay Gelding, about* 13 *Hands high, having a ſtar in the forehead, branded on the near buttock with a* 3 *and ſomething reſembling* RC *on the near ſhoulder, with a bad trot, and is a little lame in the off fore foot, with a ſmall white ſpot on the near ſide of the neck, about the middle of the mane, and has a bad ſcar on the near ſide of the off hind foot, with ſome white hairs in it. Whoever brings the ſaid Horſes to the Subſcriber, ſhall be rewarded.* THOMAS RABB.

The Members of the CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY-SOCIETY, are deſired to meet at the Houſe of Mr. *John Gordon* in *Charles-Town*, on Wednesday the 10th day of *July* next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

By Order of the Preſident,

JOHN RAMSAY, *Secretary.*

Printed by EDWARD HARRIS.

CUSTOM-HOUSE CHARLES-TOWN, *Enter'd Inwards.*

Ship Live Oak, James Rodgers, from London.
Snow South-Carolina, John Fell, from Barbados.
Schooner Spy, Joſeph Hutchins, from Boſton.

Entered Outwards.

Ship Live Oak, James Rodgers, for London.

Clear'd for Departure.

Snow Anne, Lawrence Elmes, to Cowes.
Billander London, Robert Young, to Briſtol.
Snow Mary, Alexander Pearſon, to London.

PRICE CURRENT at *Charles-Town.*

Rice, per Cent. 40 *ſ.*	Pork, *none.*
Pitch, 65 *ſ.*	Deer-Skins, *per lb.* 11 *ſ.* 3*d.*
Tar, 45 *ſ.*	Good Indico, 20 *ſ.*
Turpentine, 15 *ſ.*	Tann'd Leather, 3 *ſ.*
Roſin, 17 *ſ.* 6.	Corn, *per* Buſhel, 12 *ſ.* 6
Beef, *per* Barrel, *none.*	Peaſe, 12 *ſ.* 6.

Mr. *Timothy*, *Charles-Town, June 1ſt*, 1751.

I HAVE enquired the Price of good merchantable Flour, and find it to be at 4 *l.* 10*s. per Cent.* I am *Yours, &c.*

JOHN DART, Commiſſary-General.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Juſt imported in the *Live Oak* from *London*, and by Capt. *Young* from *Briſtol*, a large aſſortment of printed cambricks, hollands and linnens, *Engliſh* and *India* chints, white and printed callicoes, clear flower'd and ſpotted lawns, plain ſtrip'd and bar'd muſlin, cambricks, *Iriſh* linnens, garlix, kentings, long lawns, an aſſortment of fine cap lace and footing, brocaded gauze for hoods, womens and girls ſilk ſhades, jumps, ſtays, faſhionable hoops, *Leghorn*, hair and furr'd hats, calimanco, everlaſting and leather ſhoes and pumps, ſilk bonnets lac'd, thread gloves and ſtockings, dowlas, *Flanders* ticks, *Ruſſia* linnen, ginghams, grey mantua, figur'd diaper for petticoats, brown holland, white and dyed fuſtians, cotton hollands, linnen handkerchiefs, dimities, fine ſagathies, double and ſingle alapines, men and boys cambler, grandurel and fuſtian coats and breeches, linnen veſts, a large aſſortment of felt, caſſor and beaver hats, cut bob wiggs, ſilk and worſted ſtocking patterns for veſts and breeches, thread hoſe, ſhoes, boots and channel pumps, white cut cotton velvet ſhapes, pictures, bibles, *Scotch* pſalm books, *Anſon*'s voyage, *Hervey*'s meditations, night thoughts, *Gay*'s fables, *Dyches*'s dictionary, new manual of devotions, wafers, china bowls, diſhes, plates, coffee and tea cups, and full ſets, beſt bohea tea, ſingle and double refin'd ſugar, an aſſortment of large and other iron pots, broad and felling axes, nails, carpenters and coopers adzes, chizzels, gouges, hooks and eyes, hinges, froes, rice ſickles, files, gimblets, augers, hammers, rules, compaſſes, jointer irons, dowling bits and ſtocks, drawing knives, cloſeſt cheſt and other locks, ſhoe laſts, awl blades, and tacks, coffin furniture, ſteel corn mills, ſmoothing irons, chafing diſhes, tea kettles, coffee pots, copper ſaucepans, braſs mortars and peſtles, candleſticks, ſnuffers, tooth drawers, ſail twine, white rope for bed cords, hand, croſs cut and whip ſaws with ſets, frying pans, ſpades, grind-ſtones, ſtone jugs, earthen bowls, diſhes, plates, mugs, baſons, ſauce boats, cups and ſaucers, black and gilded tea and milk pots and ſugar diſhes, glaſs waiters, ſugar diſhes, patty pans, waſh hand baſons, milk pots, tumblers, pint quart and two quart mugs, mahogony and painted tea cheſts, japan'd ſteel waiters, threads, tapes, needles, marking canvas, ſilk laces and ferrit, ſewing ſilk, watch ſtrings, knee garters, faſhionable necklaces, plain and flower'd love borders, ivory ſtick and other fans, wire and thread ſhirt buttons, white figur'd love ribbon, men and womens ſaddles and horſe whips, plain and fring'd houſings, bridle bits, ſtirrup irons, girths, fringe, lace, and other ſadlary wares; a good aſſortment of garden ſeeds, *Windſor* and *French* kidney beans, new feathers, mattraſſes, brooms, white waſh and fleſh bruſhes, tin canniſters, graters, pudding pans, watering pots and ſugar boxes, coffee mills, ſteel, temple frame and common ſpectacles, ſilk fiſhing lines, *Kirby*'s beſt hooks, hones, choice razors with ſtraps, pewter tea ſpoons, bar lead and moulds for ſmall deer ſhot, bullets, gunpowder, muſtard ſeed and other ſhot, ſtarch, buckles, hunting horns, *French* oil flints, ſtand diſhes, ſpring key hooks and ſwivels, taylors and other thimbles, punch ladles, lead pencils, large undreſs'd dolls, pearl and ſtone buttons for veſts, beſt *French* ſteel ſciſſars, chryſtal ſleeve buttons, fiddle bows and ſtrings, walking canes with plain and gilt heads, table knives and forks, crooked combs, cartouch boxes, ſperma-ceti, *Britiſh* oil, *Godfrey*'s cordial, *Jackſon*'s tincture, balſam chili, and *Turlington*'s balſam, *Briſtol* ale and hot-well water, lampblack, bird cages, mouſe and rat traps, *Belvaird*'s ſnuff, umbrelloes, gilt and black trunks, large flaſkets, gilt cuteaus, and ſundry other goods, to be ſold at the loweſt prices wholeſale or retail, by

FRANCIS BREMAR.

A ſtray'd grey pacing Horſe, about 12 Hands and an half high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder B B, and on the off ſhoulder 2 C, and a bay mare about 13 hands high, without any brand or mark. Any perſon claiming either the ſaid horſe or mare, may apply to PETER TAYLOR.

WILLIAM WRIGHT, *Goldſmith, is removed into one of Mr.* George Duval's *houſes in* Tradd-ſtreet, *the third from the corner of* Meeting-ſtreet, *and oppoſite the houſe poſſeſſed by Mrs.* Townſend: *Where he continues his buſineſs, of making and mending all kinds of large and ſmall work in* GOLD *and* SILVER; *and entreats the gentlemen and ladies by whom he had the honour to be employed, that they will yet favour him with their buſineſs, as well thoſe to whom he is indebted whoſe demands (thro' various misfortunes) he has been unable to comply with, as others; aſſuring them whatever he is employed in ſhall be done to their entire ſatisfaction and with the utmoſt diſpatch, being*

Their moſt obedient humble Servant,

WILLIAM WRIGHT.

Juſt imported in the *Live Oak*, Capt. *Rogers*, from *London*, beſt ſingle and double refind ſugar, black pepper, nutmegs, bohea tea, oznabrugs, brown roles, cambricks, tandems, *Iriſh* linnens, variety of printed linnens and callicoes, cotton gowns, chints, cotton romalls, dowlas, garlix, diaper table cloths, ſealing wax, rock petre, ſingle and double F gun powder, mattraſſes, bed blankets, mens and boys hats, great variety of cutlary, iron, and ſhip chandlers ware, and other goods proper for the ſeaſon, to be ſold at the moſt reaſonable rates, by

JAMES LAURENS, & Comp.

THE Commiſſioners for building a STATE-HOUSE in *Charles-Town*, do hereby give notice, that there will be wanted for the ſaid building, a large quantity of *Bricks, Lime*, freſh water *Sand, Cyprus* and *Pine Timber, Plank, Boards* and *Laths*, to be landed on the wharf in *Charles-Town*. Any perſon inclinable to furniſh any of the ſaid materials, are deſired to give in their propoſals to the clerk, ſealed up, on or before the *firſt Monday* in *Auguſt* next, *By Order of the Commiſſioners*,

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *jun. Clerk.*

To be Sold, *a Plantation on the great Swamp at the head of* Aſhepoo-River, *containing* 1266 *acres, very ſuitable to employ a large gang of hands in planting rice, having a fine tupelo and cyprus ſwamp of a mile wide running through the midſt of it, and great convenience for keeping back-water, with high, pleaſant, healthy land on each ſide for ſettlements: There is on it a good new dwelling houſe, a ſmall barn, ſeveral good negro houſes, and other convenient buildings, a rice field of about* 20 *acres, a corn field and paſture, all under good fences. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſaid plantation may treat with Mrs.* Elizabeth Clark Sanders *living thereon, or with Mr.* William Butler *at* Stono.

Run away, the following Slaves belonging to the ſubſcriber, *viz.*

A negro wench named *Phœbe*, ſuppoſed to be harboured about *Charles-Town*.

Two negro men, named *London* and *Hereford*; *London* is a pretty ſtout fellow, and lips; and *Hereford* ſtammers a little: Theſe went away in a 4 oar'd canow, from *Elliott*'s wharff.

From his plantation in *Gooſe-Creek*, a negro fellow named *Oronoake*, and

A negro wench called *Phillis*, with her child about 7 months old.

Whoever takes up the ſaid negroes and brings them to their ſaid maſter, ſhall have 40 *ſh.* reward for *Phœbe*, 3 *l.* for *Phillis* and child, and 3 *l.* for each of the fellows. *Three Pounds* reward will alſo be given, for taking up the canow, and information where ſhe may be had, by *William Cripps.*

☞ **A Good Aſſortment** of choice writing paper juſt imported in Capt. *Pearſon*, from *London*; Ink-powder, wafers, ſealing-wax, indemnifying and common bonds, mortgages, bills of ſale, bills of lading, powers of attorney, apprentices and ſervants indentures, copies of writs, ſummons and executions for the militia, juſtices warrants and executions for ſmall debts, and other blanks, to be ſold reaſonably at the *New* PRINTING-OFFICE; which is now removed, two doors below Col. *Brewton*'s in TRADD-STREET, (between Capt. *John Lloyd*'s and Mr. *Savage*'s ſtore)

The Commiſſioners for building a new CHURCH in *Charles-Town*, do hereby give notice, that there will be wanted for the ſaid building, a large quantity of *Bricks, Lime*, freſh water *Sand, Cyprus* and *Pine Timber, Plank, Boards* and *Laths*, to be landed on the wharf in *Charles-Town*. Any perſon inclinable to furniſh any of the ſaid materials, are deſired to give in their propoſals to the clerk, ſealed up, on or before the *firſt Monday* in *Auguſt* next. *By Order of the Commiſſioners*,

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *jun. Clerk.*

To be Sold, on Tueſday the 16th day of *July* next, at public vendue, at the uſual place in *Charles-Town*, eight ſlaves, two milch cows and calves, proviſions, and a few houſehold goods, belonging to the eſtate of *Elizabeth Bonſon* deceaſed. All ſums not exceeding 20 *l.* to be paid down; Credit will be given for all ſums above to the firſt of *January* next, paying intereſt from the day of ſale, and giving approv'd ſecurity to the ſubſcriber.—Nothing to be remov'd, nor the property alter'd, before the above conditions are complied with.—The dwelling houſe, ſtable, chair houſe, and large garden where Mr. *Edward Smith* lately liv'd, in *Dorchester*, to be let, inquire of *Francis Bremar*, Executor.

Juſt imported in the *Live Oak*, Capt. *Rodgers*, and to be ſold by SAMPSON NEYLE, at his Store on the *Bay*, next adjoining Mr. *John Guerard*'s Store, ſingle and double check linnens, 7-8th, and yard-wide *Iriſh* linnen, *Iriſh* ſheeting, gulix hollands, tandems, 3-4th, 7-8th and yard wide, oznabrugs, mens neats leather ſaddles, &c. ſpices, hoſiery, 4*d.* 10*d.* and 20*d* nails, broad and narrow hoes, ſpades, iron pots, kettles, and ſundry other articles proper for the ſeaſon, to be ſold as reaſonable rates. Alſo ſome houſhold goods, as mahogeny chairs, ſpaniſh, check'd, ſtriped and clear lawns, callicoes, chints, &c. womens caſe knives, ſciſſars, thimbles, &c. ſilk and worſted ſtockings, linnen and cotton, hoſiery and prayer ware, neat ſilver and *Frankford* watches, arrack, coniac, and good coffee.

WHEREAS the Co-partnerſhip now ſubſiſting between the Subſcribers will ſhortly expire, and as they are deſirous of bringing their affairs to a ſpeedy ſettlement, they will therefore ſell off their preſent ſtock of goods conſiderably under the common advance: They conſiſt of a great variety of broad cloths and trimmings, druggets, whitneys, bear-ſkin, ready made cloaths, ſcarlet cloaks, quilted coats, callimancoes and damaſks, ſtrip'd flannels, double and ſingle alapines, camblets, duroys, fuſtians, mens and womens ſilk, cotton, thread and worſted hoſe, callicoes, ſtrip'd hollands, cotton gowns, cotton and linnen checks, *Iriſh* ſhirting and ſheeting, bag and gulix nollands, cambricks, long and flower'd lawns, green, yellow and white *Engliſh* damaſks, ribbons, pavillion gauſe, black and colour'd velour, everlaſtings, ſilk and callimanco ſhoes, broad and narrow hoes, coopers tools, blank books, writing paper and quills, cutlary, felt and caſtor hats, chamber dogs, ſhovels and tongs, broad and narrow axes, whip, croſs cut and hand ſaws, bohea tea, with ſundry other articles ſuitable to the preſent and approaching ſeaſon.

MORTON & SAMUEL BRAILSFORD.

Brought to me by *William Webber*, a young white horſe, between 12 and 13 hands high, neither branded or dock'd. The owner may have him by applying to *Francis Lejau*.

This is to give notice, that there are ſeveral vacancies, for children to be taught upon the foundation, at the *Free-School* in *Charles-Town*. ALEXANDER BARON.

Imported *lately, in Capt.* White, *and to be ſold by* THOMAS SMITH, *junior, a great variety of printed linnens and callicoes,* Iriſh *linnens, hollands, and moſt other linnens, oznabrugs, tabling and ſheeting, cambricks, lawns, muſlins, head lace, gold lace, ſtockings and ſhoes of moſt kinds, mens, boys and womens hats, womens capuchins, mattraſſes, cloſe-ſtool chairs, books on various ſubjects, ſets of books neatly bound for accompts, pewter plates, diſhes, meaſures, fiſh diſhes,* &c. *ſattins, brocades, mantuas,* &c. *ſilver tea ſpoons, watches, pictures, looking glaſſes, ſword blades, china of moſt ſorts, window glaſs, nails, croſs cut and whip ſaws, and variety of other goods.*

Juſt imported *in the* Mary, *Capt.* Pearſon, *from* London, *and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, an aſſortment of* Eaſt-India *and* European *goods proper for the ſeaſon, alſo a choice aſſortment of family medicines genuine and good, uſually ſold by Mrs.* Mary Owen.

N. B. *Sometime ago I was informed that a white boy and a muſtee, caught a mile up the path, my grey horſe and rode him away, branded on the mounting ſhoulder thus* X *and on the off ſhoulder* R. *he's tolerably well gated. Any one that can prove who, and give information of the perſons, ſo that they may be convicted of the crime, ſhall receive* Twenty Pounds *currency reward, by* Thomas Corker.

Juſt imported in the Billander *London*, Capt. *Young*, from *Briſtol*, beſt ſtrip'd duffels, white, blue and green negro cloth, to be ſold by JOSEPH PICKERING.

N.B. He has likewiſe exceeding good muſcovado ſugar in ſmall caſks, and rum by the hogſhead or quarter caſks to ſell

Exceeding good CLARET to be ſold by JOHN SINCLAIR.

To be Let, the Houſe where Capt. *Bate* now dwells (lately own'd by Mr. *Matthew Roche*, and where he formerly liv'd) with many convenient out buildings and a large garden belonging thereto. Inquire of *Henry Peronneau*.

Any *Perſon that wants a good ſenſible Negro Boy, about* 16 *years of age, uſed to wait at a table, and who can cook pretty well, may hear of ſuch a one to be diſpoſed of. Enquire of the Printer.*

To be Sold by *Ralph Taylor*, white, blue and green negro cloth, *Iriſh* linnen, fuſtians, counterpains, figured and plain dimities, tiles for chimnies, ſein and turtle twine, with ſundry other articles, on reaſonable terms, alſo good *Barbados* rum.

To be Sold, on *Biggin-Swamp*, 5 miles from *Wathee* landing, a choice tract of land, containing 728 acres, belonging to *Peter Simons*, whereof a great part is very good corn, rice and indico land; the reſt is pine land well ſtored with very good light-wood and a quantity of very good pine trees for making turpentine and green tar. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with me on *Santee*. *Peter Sinkler.*

To be Sold at Public Vendue, on the firſt *Thurſday* in *July* next, in *St. Thomas*'s pariſh, at the plantation of the widow *Ruſſel*, near where Capt. *Thomas Bonny* deceas'd, formerly reſided: All the real and perſonal eſtate of the ſaid *Thomas Bonny*, conſiſting of ſeveral horſes, mares, and ſundry houſhold goods, with a valuable plantation containing 1000 acres, of which there are about 80 or 100 acres, that have been already planted, fit for rice, corn, &c. the remainder is well timbered with the beſt of yellow pine, very handy and convenient to a navigable creek on *Cooper* river, about 27 miles from *Charles-Town* by water, adjoining to the plantations of the widow *Pagett*, *Daniel Huger*, and *James Akin*, Eſqrs. The conditions of the ſale, will be declared before it begins, which will be preciſely at eleven o'clock ſaid day. WILLIAM HULL, *and* MARTHA BONNY, Adminiſtrators.

N. B. If that day ſhould prove a rainy day the ſale will be the firſt fair day after.

BROUGHT to the WORK-HOUSE.

A negro man ſpeaks bad Engliſh, *has on one of his legs a large iron clad, as well as I can underſtand he belongs to Mr.* Colvart.

Run away *from the Subſcriber, a white Servant man named* William Matthews, *pretty fair complexion, about five feet ſix inches high, had on when he went away a dark fuſtian coat with a piece down the back. Whoever takes up the ſaid fellow and can give any intelligence where he may be had, ſhall have* Ten Pounds *reward and all reaſonable charges paid; and whoever entertains or harbours him ſhall be proſecuted according to law.*

William Townſend, *junior.*

SAMUEL CANTEY informs me of a light bay horſe, about 13 hands and an half high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder 3 L, with a ſtar in his forehead and one glaſs eye, the off hind foot white, with a large bump ſwelled on the joint of his mounting thigh. Whoever owns the ſaid horſe may have him, proving his property before JARET NEILSON, *J. P.*

To be Sold, one town lot number 181 (with right of commonage) in *George-Town Winyaw*.

One tract, containing 350 acres of land, on little *Pedee-River*, bounded by Mr. *Alexander Talley* and *James Atkins*.

One tract, containing 400 acres of land, on the weſt ſide of little *Pedee-River*, bounded by Mr. *Samuel Bowman*;

One tract, containing 675 acres of land, bounded by the above 400 acres and the ſaid *Samuel Bowman*.

One tract containing 500 acres of land, in *Queenſborough*-township, on *Lynch*'s-creek, bounded by *John Salter* and *Rob. Scott*.

One town lot N° 64 in *Queenſborough* town.

One tract of land, about 30 acres, in *St. Andrew*'s-town at *Aſhley-Ferry*, with a good dwelling-houſe, out-houſes and garden, has been a tan yard, and ſtands convenient for that and a ſhoemaker.

Whoever has a mind to purchaſe any of the ſaid lands, may have credit on giving ſecurity, applying to Mr. *Joſeph Brown* merchant in *George Town*, or the ſubſcriber *Thomas Tew*.

AS *there is an abſolute Neceſſity for diſcharging the debts, and paying the legacies deviſed by the laſt will and teſtament of* Martha Bee *deceas'd: All perſons indebted to the eſtate of the ſaid* Martha Bee, *either by bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame by the tenth day of July next; and all who have any demands on the ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accompts properly atteſted, that they may be diſcharged.* PAUL HAMILTON, Executor.

JAMES EDES,

IS removed from his Houſe in *Meeting-Street*, next door to that where Mr. *Glen* lived in *Elliott ſtreet*, and there continues to ſell rum, ſugar, linſeed oyl, allſpice and ſalt, with moſt ſorts of dry goods, at reaſonable rates.

N. B. The houſe I lived in, very pleaſantly ſituated, with a garden, good water, &c. is to be let, and the houſe next to it, either together or ſeparate.—Enquire of *James Edes* or the Printer.

Any *Perſon claiming the following creatures may apply to the ſubſcriber,* viz. *A roan gelding branded on the mounting ſhoulder* OW, *and on the off ſhoulder* $\frac{+}{A}$: *A ſorrel gelding with a white face, two hind feet white, branded on the mounting ſhoulder* RS: *A bay pacing ſtallion branded* DN *in one. Alſo a black gelding with a white face, the brand not plain.* John Skene, J.P.

UNDER the New Market in Charles-Town, *on* Tueſday *the 16th of* July, *will be ſold at public vendue, all the real eſtate of* George Smith, *Eſq;* viz. *four lots in* Charles-Town, *known by numbers* 1, 238, 239, 145. *Several tracts of land on* Pedee, Waccamaw, *and* Black Rivers; *all which ſaid lands, containing from* 3 *to* 5 *and* 700 *acres in a tract, and being ſome of the firſt laid out on ſaid rivers, are judged to be no ways inferior to any lands in theſe parts.* 1000 *acres on* Combahee *iſland, laid out to lady* Blake, *all exceeding good rice land, with ſome corn land. The conditions of the ſale are credit 'till the 25th of* March, *giving ſecurity and paying intereſt from the day of ſale, to* Charles Faucheraud, Charles Hill, Anne Smith.

Run away from the ſubſcriber, a negro fellow named *Perro*, formerly belonging to Col. *Lucas*'s eſtate, middle aged, ſhort and ſquat, has a ſcar acroſs his noſe, and is ſuppoſed to be harboured about a plantation of ſaid *Lucas*'s at the *Saltcatcher*'s. Whoever delivers him to the warden of the work-houſe or Mr. *David Mongin* in *Charles-Town*, ſhall have 10 *l.* reward, and all reaſonable charges defrayed by *Michael Germain.*

To be Sold *by the Subſcriber, for ready money, or a year's credit, a plantation on* Stono, *containing* 400 *acres, with a good dwelling houſe, and other neceſſary buildings thereon, and* 7 *good ſlaves, viz. two men, two women, and two boys, with their wives and children, joining a plantation belonging to* Mr. Bridges, *and about* 9 *miles from a landing.* David Toomer.

To be Sold, *on Wedneſday the* 10*th of* July, *at the Plantation of the perſonal eſtate of Mr.* James Marion, *conſiſting of a few cows, with two yearlings, and one young calf; the mark is an upper and under keel in one ear, and a crop and under ſlope in the other, and branded* 7*th. The owner muſt apply for them before that time, or they will be made known at the ſale.* James Bremar, *all the property of the late Mr.* James Marion, *conſiſting of a parcel of ſlaves, horſes, cattle, and houſhold furniture; the whole under mortgage to the* Bank. Charles Faucheraud. *Henry Hyrne.*

N.B. *The creditors will be made known at the ſale.*

Taken up, near the head of *Aſhepoo-River*, two ſtray cows, with two yearlings, and one young calf; the mark is

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by *PETER TIMOTHY*, at the new **Printing-Office** two Doors below Col. *Brewton*'s in *Tradd-ſtreet*.